



Hants County Lunatic Asylum.

R E P O R T .

1866.

County Lunatic Asylum Committee,

APPOINTED AT THE EPIPHANY SESSIONS, 1867.

Chairman.

GEORGE SCLATER-BOOTH, ESQ., M.P.,
PRIORY, ODIHAM.

BEACH, WILLIAM WITHER BRAMSTON, ESQ., M.P.
OAKLEY HALL, BASINGSTOKE.

BERNERS, CAPTAIN HUGH, R.N.,
MIDANBURY, SOUTHAMPTON.

BRADSHAW, FRANK, ESQ.,
ABSHOT, TITCHFIELD, FAREHAM.

CHOLMONDELEY, THE LORD HENRY,
HOLLY HILL, SOUTHAMPTON.

CURTIS, ADMIRAL SIR LUCIUS, BART., K.C.B.,
EAST COSHAM, PORTSMOUTH.

CUNNINGHAM, HENRY DUNCAN PRESTON, ESQ.,
BURY HOUSE, GOSPORT.

DEVERELL, JOHN, ESQ.,
PURBROOK PARK, COSHAM.

EVERETT, WILLIAM, ESQ.,
ABBOTT'S WOOD, ROMSEY.

GOODLAD, RICHARD REDFEARN, ESQ.,
HILL PLACE, BISHOP'S WALTHAM.

LE MARCHANT, THOMAS LE MARCHANT, ESQ.,
SEA VIEW, RYDE.

MANSEL, CAPTAIN ROBERT,
ALVERSTOKE, GOSPORT.

RYCROFT, SIR NELSON, BART.,
KEMPSHOTT PARK, BASINGSTOKE.

SMITH, SPENCER, ESQ.,
BROOKLANDS, SOUTHAMPTON.

WINGROVE, RICHARD FOWNES, ESQ.,
LANGLEY, ELING, SOUTHAMPTON.

R E P O R T

OF

The Committee of Visitors

OF THE

County Lunatic Asylum,

AT THE

EPIPHANY SESSIONS, 1867.

Southampton, to wit.—AT the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace of Our Sovereign Lady the Queen, holden at the CASTLE OF WINCHESTER, in and for the said COUNTY OF SOUTHAMPTON, on Monday, in the first Week after the twenty-eighth day of December, to wit, the thirty-first day of December, in the thirtieth year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady Victoria, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland Queen, Defender of the Faith, and in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Sixty-six, before THE RIGHT HONORABLE CHARLES VISCOUNT EVERSLEY, Chairman, SIR HENRY BOUVERIE PAULET ST. JOHN MILD MAY, BART., JOHN BONHAM CARTER, ESQ., M.P., and others their Fellows, Justices of our said Lady the Queen, assigned to keep the Peace of our said Lady the Queen, in the County aforesaid: and also to hear and determine divers Felonies, Trespasses, and other Misdeeds, committed in the same County:—



ORDERED, That the Report of the Committee of Visitors of the County Lunatic Asylum, presented at this Court, be printed, as soon as the Receipt and Expenditure Accounts are duly received, and that Copies be transmitted to the several acting Justices, and to the Boards of Guardians of the several Unions within the County.

By the Court,

EARLE,

Clerk of the Peace.

REPORT.

THE Visitors of the Hants County Lunatic Asylum, beg to submit to the Court, in accordance with the Provisions of the Pauper Lunatic Act, their annual Report of the condition of the Asylum under their care and management.

At the last meeting of the Visitors on December 22nd, the Number of Patients number of Patients in the Asylum amounted to 283 Males and 335 Females, Total 618, being an increase of 26, as compared with the previous year.

Of these Patients 419 are chargeable to Unions, in the County, 10 to the County Rates, 176 to Boroughs within the County, 1 to Places not in the County, and 2 are Private Patients.

In their last Report, your Committee had to regret the Rate of Mortality excessive mortality during the year, amounting to the very unusual number of about 16 per cent. on the daily average, but during the year now expiring, the deaths have been reduced to less than 12 per cent.

No enlargement of the Asylum has been made during the Alterations and Additions year, but your Committee are about to erect a flour mill, to be worked by the existing steam engines, and it is hoped that this alteration will effect a considerable reduction in the cost of flour.

Very considerable repairs to the boilers have been found necessary, and are in the course of execution, but although the outlay will be considerable, the amount will be paid out of the Building Fund, without the necessity of any application to the County for a loan.

Increase in
charge for
Maintenance

Owing to the rise in the price of provisions, your Committee have been compelled, although with much regret, to give notice to the different Unions and Boroughs, that after the close of the present year, an addition of one $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per head daily will be charged for the maintenance of the Patients. During the last two years, the cost has been considerably in excess of the payments received from the different Unions, and, therefore, this increase of charge can be no longer postponed.

Annuity to
John Morris
the Blacksmith

Your Committee have, under the Provisions of the 25 and 26 Vict., c. III, sec. 12, granted an Annuity of 12 shillings per week to John Morris, the Blacksmith of the Establishment, who was in the service of the Asylum before its completion, and who is now labouring under that fatal disease, general paralysis, which renders him perfectly incapable of performing any kind of labour for his own support. Your Committee request that the Court will be pleased to confirm the grant.

Crowded state
of Asylum

During the last few months, the crowded state of the Asylum has been a cause of much anxiety to your Committee, and at a Special Meeting of Visitors, when the question was fully and carefully considered; it was resolved that immediate steps were necessary to remedy the existing evil. Two courses only appeared practicable to your Committee,

viz :—either to call upon the Boroughs to remove a further portion of their Patients, or else considerably to enlarge the present Asylum.

After a careful inquiry into the advantages and disadvantages of the two plans, it was determined to adopt the former and to reduce the number of Pauper Lunatics belonging to the Boroughs of Portsmouth and Southampton.

Your Committee, therefore, have informed the Portsea Island Union that after the close of the present year, it will be impossible for the Visitors to retain a larger number than 50 Patients from the Borough of Portsmouth; and notice has also been given to the Southampton Authorities, that a reduction in the number of their Patients will probably be required in the course of the coming year.

Reduction in
number of
Patients from
Boroughs of
Portsmouth
and South-
ampton

Your Committee have not adopted this course without regret, as the payments to the Building Fund Account will be much reduced by the removal of so many Borough Patients.

Had the Visitors determined, that it was expedient to enlarge the County Asylum, this reduction in the receipts would have been avoided, but the cost of the necessary additions, for say 150 Patients only, would have involved an outlay of not less than £12000, as it would have been necessary in addition to the erection of fresh Wards, to have enlarged the Chapel and Offices.

Had the Court consented to grant this large amount on the security of the County Rates, the shortest period by which your Committee could have been enabled to pay off the debt, by yearly instalments, would have been at least

20 or 25 years, and judging from the rapid increase of Patients during the last ten years, from 471 to 604, notwithstanding the removal of about 30 of the Portsmouth Patients, there seems but little doubt, that long before the debt could be extinguished, the Asylum would be again overcrowded, and require still further additions.

Your Committee consider, that unless under special circumstances, it is not desirable that the number of 600 Patients should be much exceeded in one Asylum.

It will be in the recollection of the Court, that the County Asylum was originally constructed for the reception of only 400 or 420 Patients, but your Committee have from time to time largely added to the different Wards, as stated to the Court in the Yearly Reports, until from 600 to 615 Patients can now be accommodated without inconvenience.

These additions have been effected without any fresh demand on the County; and, although it is evident that the Borough Pauper Lunatics must gradually be removed to make way for Patients belonging to the County, yet your Committee have the gratification of expressing their confident belief, that the present Asylum, without any fresh additions, will meet the requirements of the County for several years.

The County Patients now amount to 439, whereas the Asylum will contain, as before stated, about 615 Patients.

Notwithstanding the large outlay in effecting these improvements, during the last 10 or 12 years, your Committee have been enabled to pay over £2000 towards the liquidation of

the County Debt, and at the last meeting of Visitors, it was determined that a further sum of £500 should be remitted to the County Treasurer.

The Visitors desire specially to direct the attention of ^{Imperfect Orders and Certificates of Admission} Magistrates to the imperfect Orders and Certificates on which Patients are sent to the Asylum. They are informed by the Superintendent that more than 20 per cent. of the Admission Papers have to be returned for correction, and in some instances it has been necessary to refuse admission to Patients on their arrival. Forms to suit all cases have now been carefully prepared, and can be supplied at cost price to all the Unions and Boroughs in connection with the Asylum.

As far as can be now ascertained, the receipts during the ^{Receipts and Payments} year, have amounted (exclusive of balances) to about £14137, and the Expenditure, to £14704.

A few cases of misconduct have occurred amongst the Attendants, but with these exceptions, your Committee are enabled to express their approval of the efficient manner in which the duties of the Asylum have been discharged by both Officers and Attendants.

The Visitors are glad to have an opportunity of again recording their high opinion of their active and indefatigable Superintendent, and of his skill and judgment in carrying on the arduous and difficult duties with which he is intrusted.

HENRY CHOLMONDELEY,

Chairman.

WICKHAM,

December 21st, 1866.

MR. CHAIRMAN, MY LORD AND GENTLEMEN,

From a careful retrospect of the official year just closing, and an attentive perusal of my memoranda of its passing incidents relating to my ministerial duties, I gather the materials of my present Report.

In some respects it may be more concise than the preceding one, as it will be sufficient to refer in a more cursory manner to subjects which then, from their novelty, seemed to demand an enlarged mention; the particulars, however, which I have to give will, I am sure, be interesting to the Committee, and assist them in shaping a just conclusion, no less on the general effects and appliances now in operation, for imparting religious, moral, and secular instruction, and so ameliorating the condition of the afflicted, than on the general tone and spirit that prevails in the Institution.

Before reviewing the several departments of my duty, let me remark that the experience of another year has in no degree diminished my feeling of satisfaction, before so strongly expressed, at the increased facilities granted me for visiting the Wards and ministering, directly and indirectly, to the spiritual wants of their Inmates. While carrying out

to the best of my judgment and ability the intentions of the Committee, it is pleasurable again to mention the moral support afforded me both by the Medical Superintendent and his earnest coadjutor. On all occasions there has been a just recognition of the importance of the sacred duties devolving upon me, and every encouragement in their performance.

In speaking first of the Ordinary Sunday Services, both those in the Chapel, and the shorter ones held alternately on both sides of House for the Infirm and Epileptic, I have only to report that they have been regularly performed, accompanied by that decorous attention which always indicates their due appreciation. A large number of the Congregation join audibly in the responses, and unite their voices in the chants and hymns, which tend to divest the service of all wearisomeness, and to keep alive the spirit of devotion. The same remarks apply equally to the Service on Wednesday Evening; and it is gratifying to say that there has been no falling off in the attendance; many are very thankful for this additional opportunity for worship, and I doubt not its general influence is for good.

In the weekly visitation of the Wards I still take unabated interest. It constitutes, 'tis true, the saddest, but by no means the least important part of my ministrations; and, when I contemplate the appalling extent of mental aberration—the total or partial eclipse of reason—the loss of all idea of moral responsibility, with all their varied outward manifestations—I can better understand the feelings of those, who though to some extent mentally afflicted, can yet understand the precepts of religion, and value the soothing influences they are wont to bring. It is refreshingly re-

assuring to find, in the midst of so many mental wrecks, some cases, where the simple truths of revelation give proof of having lost none of their wonted power, but that they are as instrumental as ever in affecting the conscience, in confirming the doubting and fearful, and in cheering the desponding. Within the precincts of a hospital for the insane, there appears to be more ample scope than would be readily imagined for the enunciation of divine truths—truths applicable alike to those blessed with unclouded reason, and to those in whom it may be partially eclipsed.

I make it a practice to visit specially, before they leave, the Patients who have received their discharge, and to offer such words of parting counsel or encouragement as the several cases seem to require. On such occasions, many are the expressions of gratitude for restoration to health, and for kindnesses received on all hands; such expressions voluntarily given, and with all simplicity of language, appear to carry on their face the stamp of sincerity.

Peculiar as is the sphere in which I am employed, yet, considering the large working staff of the Institution, it will easily be conceived that some of my duties are assimilated to those of my brethren in the great world without; nor can my experiences be altogether different—they must be chequered—hopes must be occasionally dashed as well as realized. Yet there is ample encouragement; and I am content hopefully to labour on in humble confidence that God's Word, faithfully administered, will work out its destined purpose, and that nothing done for Him shall be in vain.

The Evening School has been continued, with some few unavoidable interruptions, under the same efficient general

management. I have usually superintended it once a week, and taken part in the teaching. Of its usefulness, both to Patients and Attendants, there can be no reasonable doubt. From the evident benefit already derived by those who have attended at all regularly, we entertain the hope that others, to whom it could not fail to be serviceable, will be induced to take advantage of the opportunity of self-improvement thus afforded them. In the course of instruction I have found the large maps, granted by the Committee in the early part of the year, of much use. They have been the means of enlarging the teaching of the reading lessons, and caused greater interest in them to be taken.

With respect to the numerous publications taken in—publications at once healthy in tone and attractively illustrated—I find that by a very judicious management, after being put in stout paper wrappers and otherwise prepared, they are made to circulate regularly through the Wards, remaining a month in each, so that all disposed to read them can do so; and the Attendants inform me there is much request for them, and my own observation certainly tends to confirm their testimony. These publications, as well as the books from the library, are fairly handled, and a due attention is generally paid to the notice on the cover, prohibiting all wanton injury and destruction. The grant of books from The Pure Literature Society has fully answered its end.

During the year, the Holy Communion has been administered once a quarter. The Communicants have numbered about thirty on each occasion: I would fain see that number increase, more especially from the Staff of the Asylum.

The interments in the Cemetery have fallen this year to fifty-four—the removals for interment elsewhere having been greater in proportion than usual. Among those buried is an old servant of the Institution, who rests by her husband, who was also an attendant upon the insane.

All the topics that may properly receive any comment from me have now, I think, been touched upon; but I cannot conclude, without saying how I earnestly pray that all my ministrations may more and more conduce to the best interests of all who constitute my spiritual charge.

I remain,
 MY LORD AND GENTLEMEN,
 Your very faithful and obedient Servant,

G. H. MASON,
Chaplain.

The Lord Henry Cholmondeley,
 Chairman of Committee,
 Hants County Lunatic Asylum.

HANTS COUNTY ASYLUM.

26th December, 1866.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

There have been under treatment in the Asylum this year 754 Patients, of whom 353 were Males and 401 were Females. Respecting them I would offer the following observations:—

Of the 77 Male Patients admitted during the year, 12 had been previously under treatment, and 6 were transfers from similar Institutions.

Of the 87 Female Patients admitted during the year, 6 had been previously under treatment, and 6 were transfers from similar Institutions.

24 Males and 19 Females were incapable of any kind of occupation.

13 Males and 18 Females were the subjects of Epileptic fits, which, added to the 80 in the House at the commencement of the year, give a total number 111 Epileptics, under treatment.

The Patients detained under Secretary of State's Warrant, numbered 15 males and 5 Females—15 now remain.

The general character of the cases admitted has still been very unsatisfactory. Many were in such a condition as to give no hope of mental recovery; whilst a large proportion suffered from so great physical debility that any material prolongation of life could not be anticipated.

54 Patients, of whom 22 were Males and 32 were Females, have been discharged recovered.

5 Males and 3 Females have been discharged relieved, of whom 2 Males and 2 Females were sent to a Union Work-house, 1 Male escaped, and the remainder were removed at the request of their immediate relatives, who undertook the charge of them.

72 Patients have died, of whom 41 were Males and 31 were Females.

There are now in the Asylum 620 Patients, of whom 285 are Males and 335 are Females.

The daily average number of Residents during the year has been 604.

If we refer to the daily averages for the four previous years, we find them to have been as follow :—

In the year 1862.....	570
„ 1863.....	582
„ 1864.....	566
„ 1865.....	567

In explanation of these figures, it is necessary to add, that during the year 1862, a very large increase took place in the number of admissions (as pointed out at the time), in consequence probably of the cost of maintenance of Pauper

Lunatics in Asylums being transferred from their Parishes to the common fund of their Union. So that notwithstanding the circumstance that in the 12 months 24 Patients of a harmless character had been removed to Workhouses, the year 1863 commenced with a number of Inmates (583)—as high as the daily average for the year. Now during that year the recoveries and deaths almost balanced the admissions, yet we find that at the end of the year, there remained in the House but 549 Patients—the result of the removal, just before Christmas, of a number of Portsmouth Patients to the Asylum at Fisherton.

In the year 1864 and 1865, an unusually large number of discharges occurred in consequence of the great mortality during those years; yet in the former year, the number of Patients had increased by 25, and in the latter year, by 16 more; and the increase in the number of Patients now in the House exceeds that at the commencement of the present year by 30.

Thus we see that during the past 3 years, the number of Patients has been steadily increasing, and that there are now in the Asylum 71 more Patients than at the commencement of the year 1864, and this notwithstanding the fact that no Patient has been admitted from the Portsea Island Union since the 9th of last August.

From the events of the year, I would select the following as specially requiring notice in the Annual Report.

The birth of an infant, the mother having been admitted in a state of Mania, only a few weeks before her confinement, both the mother and child did well, and have left the Asylum.

A Male Patient, a General Paralytic, fell and fractured his collar bone ; and a Male Epileptic Patient, in a fit, fell off the bench, on which he was sitting, and dislocated his shoulder.

But the most serious occurrence was an act of suicide, which took place in the Carpenters' shop, the Patient having made an incised wound in his throat. There were two paid workmen present at the time ; but the act was a determined one, and death must have been all but instantaneous. An Inquest was held, and office copies of the depositions sent to the Commissioners in Lunacy, as well as read before you at your subsequent meeting, when you, as the Jury had already done, expressed an opinion that the deed, though deplorable, did not result from negligence on the part of the man in charge of the Patient.

A Female Patient admitted with a serious self-inflicted wound recovered both in mind and body, and has left the Asylum for her own home.

Several attempts at escape have been made, but, with the exception previously recorded, each of the runaways was brought back, after a very short absence from the Asylum.

A Commission of Lunacy has been held on a Patient, who appears to have some little property, and she has been transferred from the Pauper to the Private List. There are now 2 Inmates of the Asylum, who come under the observation of the Lord Chancellor's Visitors.

Two Attendants have died during the year ; one, a Female, lived at the Wickham Lodge, and was an old servant of the Place—the other had been but recently engaged, and with

his wife had charge of the Male Infirmary Ward. The particulars respecting these deaths were in due course reported at your meetings subsequent to each event.

The general management of the Asylum has varied but little from that pursued for a series of years.

There is one point to which I would specially direct your attention: it is to the imperfect Orders, Statements, and Certificates on which Patients are sent here. More than 20 per cent. of the Admission Papers have been returned for emendation, besides those that have been legally amended here. In two instances it was necessary to refuse admission to Patients on their arrival, and in two other cases the Commissioners in Lunacy, to whom verbatim copies of the Admission Papers are sent, required that new Orders, Statements, and Certificates should be procured. These proceedings are not only troublesome to all the parties concerned, but are accompanied by considerable expense; and, I have therefore, added as an Appendix to this Report, a statement of the details requisite to render an Admission Paper "*valid*;" and I may also note here, that printed *forms* to suit all cases, have been carefully prepared by us, and can now be supplied to all the Unions and Boroughs in connection with the Asylum at cost price. If the Parish Officers will only avail themselves of this advantage, and those concerned in sending Patients to the Asylum will but attend to the directions so distinctly set out in red ink, a mistake would be almost impossible.

I have again to record the efficiency and zeal displayed by the various Officers of the Establishment in the discharge of their duties, and am pleased to acknowledge the valuable

assistance which I continue to receive from my Colleague Mr. Pater.

Thanking you, my Lords and Gentlemen, for the continued confidence you have placed in me, and the support you have accorded me in the performance of my responsible duties,

I am,

Your obedient faithful Servant,

JOHN MANLEY.

To the Committee of Visitors of the
Hants County Asylum.

TABLE, No. 1.

Showing the Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, from the Opening of the Asylum to the present date, December 25th, 1866.

				Males	Females	TOTAL
Persons admitted during the period of 14 years				1002	1132	2134
Re-Admissions				76	122	198
Total Cases Admitted				1078	1254	2332
Discharged or Re-moved,	Males	Fem.	TOTAL			
	Recovered . .	262	448			
	Relieved . .	46	74			
	Not Improved	35	26			
	Died	450	371			
Total Discharged and Died during the 14 years				793	919	1712
Remaining, December 25th, 1866 .				285	335	620
Average numbers resident during the 14 years				216	254	470

TABLE, No. 2,

Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, with the Mean Annual Mortality and Proportion of Recoveries per Cent. of the Admissions, for each year, since the opening of the Asylum.

Years	Admitted			DISCHARGED						Died			Remaining December 25th in each year			Average Numbers Resident			Per Centage of Recoveries on Admissions			Per Centage of Deaths on Average Num- bers Resident			
	Recovered			Relieved			Not Improved																		
	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Mean	Males	Fem.	Mean	Males	Fem.	Mean	
From the Opening of the Asylum to Dec. 31, 1853.																									
1854	145	146	291	14	13	27	2	3	5	1	20	8	28	108	122	230	93	100	193	9.6	8.9	9.2	21.5	8.0	14.5
1855	61	70	131	9	19	28	3	4	7		12	14	26	145	154	299	128	137	265	14.7	27.1	21.3	9.3	10.2	9.8
1856	53	62	115	17	17	34	1	3	4	1	22	17	39	157	179	336	151	167	318	32.0	27.4	29.5	14.5	10.1	12.2
1857	83	94	177	22	39	61	2	2	4	1	23	25	48	192	206	398	173	190	363	26.5	41.4	34.4	13.2	13.1	13.2
1858	91	119	210	18	34	52	4	4	8	1	30	21	51	230	265	495	218	253	471	19.7	28.5	24.7	13.7	8.3	10.8
1859	49	90	139	9	34	43	1	6	7	1	30	25	55	238	285	523	234	277	511	18.4	37.7	30.9	12.8	9.0	10.7
1860	61	60	121	17	30	47	2	5	7	2	41	36	77	237	272	509	243	276	519	27.8	50.0	38.8	16.4	13.0	14.8
1861	60	89	149	19	28	47	5	5	10	4	42	24	66	227	296	523	231	289	520	31.6	31.4	31.5	18.1	8.3	12.6
1862	65	95	160	21	40	61	1	6	7		26	30	56	244	315	559	236	307	543	32.3	42.1	38.1	11.0	9.7	10.3
1863	91	100	191	35	48	83	3	9	12	12	19	36	55	266	317	583	254	316	570	38.4	48.0	43.4	7.4	11.3	9.6
1864	63	79	142	27	41	68	9	21	30	11	36	31	67	250	299	549	265	317	582	42.8	51.9	47.8	13.5	9.7	11.5
1865	87	77	164	14	31	45		2	2	4	46	42	88	272	302	574	263	303	566	16.1	40.2	27.4	17.4	13.8	15.5
1866	92	86	178	18	42	60	8	1	9	1	62	31	93	276	314	590	266	301	567	19.3	48.8	33.7	23.3	10.2	16.4
	77	87	164	22	32	54	5	3	8		41	31	72	285	335	620	280	324	604	28.5	36.7	32.3	14.6	9.5	12.0
Total and Means	1078	1254	2332	262	448	710	46	74	120	35	450	371	821				216	254	470	24.3	35.7	30.5	14.8	10.2	12.5

N.B.—Subsequently to the year 1866 the statistics embrace the period between Christmas day and the following 25th December.

TABLE, No. 3,

Showing the History of the Annual Admissions since the Opening of the Asylum, with the Discharges and Deaths, and the numbers of each year remaining on the 25th December, 1866.

Year	ADMITTED				OF EACH YEAR'S DISCHARGED AND DIED IN 1866								TOTAL DISCHARGED AND DIED OF EACH YEAR'S ADMISSIONS								Remaining of each year's Admissions 25th Dec., 1866				
	New Cases		Relaps ^d . Cases		Recovered		Relieved		Not Improved		Died		Recovered		Relieved		Not Improved		Died		Males	Fem.	Total		
													Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.				Males	Fem.
	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Males	Fem.	Total		
1852-3	143	145	2	1								4	2	21	26	47	15	8	5	13	74	72	34	28	62
1854	61	64		6										16	29	45	7		2	8	25	28	7	4	11
1855	53	60		2								1	1	17	21	38	5		8	12	28	21	2	6	8
1856	83	90		4								2		19	38	57	5		2	7	40	35	14	15	29
1857	86	113	5	6								1	3	18	36	54	9		2	7	44	43	15	29	44
1858	45	83	4	7									1	12	37	49	2		3	6	23	29	9	13	22
1859	54	56	7	4									1	20	24	44	5		1	3	30	19	9	11	20
1860	53	79	7	10									2	17	38	55	3		2	1	25	19	14	22	36
1861	57	81	8	14									1	27	42	69	6		2	2	27	29	11	16	27
1862	88	90	3	20	1	1						2	2	36	50	86	2		1	1	27	22	23	26	49
1863	56	63	7	16	1	1						1	1	18	26	44	3		1	1	26	19	16	32	48
1864	71	64	16	13	1	4	5	1	1	2		5	1	17	35	52	2				33	16	35	25	60
1865	87	73	5	13	9	16	25					13	9	14	35	49					37	12	41	39	80
1866	65	81	12	6	10	11	21	1		1		11	7	10	11	21	1				11	7	55	69	124
Totals	1002	1132	76	122	22	32	54	5	3	8		41	31	262	448	710	46	74	35	61	450	371	285	335	620

SUMMARY OF THE TOTAL ADMISSIONS 1853-66					Males		Females		Total	
Per Centage of Cases					24.2	35.7	30.5			
Recovered	.	.	.	.	4.3	5.9	5.1			
Relieved	.	.	.	.	3.2	2.1	2.6			
Not Improved	.	.	.	.	41.8	29.6	35.2			
Dead	.	.	.	.	26.5	26.7	26.6			
Remaining	.	.	.	.	100.0	100.0	100.0			

Showing the Causes of Death during the year 1866.

Causes of Death	Males	Females	TOTAL
Cerebral or Spinal Disease :—			
Apoplexy and Paralysis . . .	—	—	—
Epilepsy and Convulsions . . .	4	6	10
General Paralysis	15	3	18
Maniacal and Melancholic Exhaustion or Decay	3	3	6
Inflammation and other Diseases of the Brain, Softening, Tumours, &c.	—	—	—
Thoracic Disease :—			
Inflammation of the Lungs, Pluræ, and Bronchi	1	1	2
Pulmonary Consumption	3	8	11
Disease of the Heart, &c. . . .	4	3	7
Abdominal Disease :—			
Inflammation of the Stomach, Intestines, or Peritoneum	—	1	1
Dysentery and Diarrhœa	2	1	3
Fever	—	—	—
Erysipelas	1	—	1
Cancer	—	—	—
General Debility and Old Age . .	7	5	12
Suicide and Accidents	1	—	1
	41	31	72

TABLE, No. 5,

Showing the length of Residence in those Discharged Recovered, and in those who have Died during the year 1866.

Length of Residence	Recovered			Died		
	Males	Fem.	TOTAL	Males	Fem.	TOTAL
Under 1 Month	—	—	—	4	3	7
From 1 to 3 Months	5	4	9	5	4	9
„ 3 „ 6 „	6	10	16	8	3	11
„ 6 „ 9 „	4	5	9	2	3	5
„ 9 „ 12 „	2	4	6	1	—	1
„ 1 „ 2 Years	2	5	7	8	3	11
„ 2 „ 3 „	2	3	5	1	2	3
„ 3 „ 5 „	1	1	2	2	2	4
„ 5 „ 7 „	—	—	—	2	4	6
„ 7 „ 10 „	—	—	—	2	3	5
„ 10 „ 12 „	—	—	—	2	1	3
„ 12 „ 15 „	—	—	—	4	3	7
	22	32	54	41	31	72

TABLE, No. 6,

Showing, in quinquennial periods, the Ages of those Admitted during
the year 1866.

Admitted	Males	Females	TOTAL
Under 15 Years	2	1	3
From 15 „ to 20 Years . .	4	6	10
„ 20 „ 25 „	8	7	15
„ 25 „ 30 „	9	13	22
„ 30 „ 35 „	7	9	16
„ 35 „ 40 „	8	12	20
„ 40 „ 45 „	10	6	16
„ 45 „ 50 „	7	11	18
„ 50 „ 55 „	7	4	11
„ 55 „ 60 „	6	6	12
„ 60 „ 65 „	4	2	6
„ 65 „ 70 „	1	2	3
„ 70 „ 75 „	4	6	10
„ 75 „ 80 „	—	1	1
„ 80 „ 85 „	—	1	1
„ 85 „ 90 „	—	—	—
	77	87	164

TABLE, No. 7,

Shows the duration of existing Attack on Admission.

Duration of existing Attack on Admission	Males	Females	TOTAL
Under 1 Month	27	27	54
Above 1 Month and under 2 Months	7	8	15
„ 2 „ 3 „	5	5	10
„ 3 „ 6 „	7	3	10
„ 6 „ 12 „	2	9	11
„ 1 Year	17	24	41
Congenital	8	6	14
Unknown	4	5	9
	77	87	164

TABLE, No. 8,

Persons Employed—1866.

MALES	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
Bricklayers . .	3	3	3	3
Bakehouse . .	3	3	3	2
Brewhouse . .	1	1	1	1
Carpenter's Shop . .	2	3	2	3
Farm . .	12	10	10	10
Garden, Airing Courts, &c. .	19	20	22	24
Kitchen . .	1	1	1	1
Laundry . .	4	4	3	3
Office . .	1	1	1	1
Oakum and Hair Picking . .	62	60	60	63
Porter, Assisting . .	2	2	2	2
Porter, Lodge . .	1	1	1	1
Painters' Shop . .	1	1	2	2
Shoemakers' Ditto . .	4	3	4	4
Smiths' Ditto, Engine House .	4	4	4	4
Store Room . .	4	5	5	5
Tailors' Shop . .	7	7	7	8
Ward Helpers . .	39	39	39	39
Total .	170	168	170	176
FEMALES				
Housework . .	5	5	5	5
Kitchen . .	7	7	6	6
Laundry . .	45	45	46	46
Needle-room . .	60	60	56	56
Ward Helpers . .	39	39	39	39
Total .	156	156	152	152

TABLE, No. 9,

Showing the Occupation of the Patients Admitted during the past Year.

MALES		No.	FEMALES		No.
Agricultural Laborers .		7	Brickmaker's Wife .		1
Baker . . .		1	Butcher's Widow .		1
Blacksmith . . .		1	Carpenter's Wife .		1
Bricklayers . . .		2	Charcoal Burner's Wife.		1
Butcher . . .		1	Charwomen . . .		2
Butler . . .		1	Coach Painter's Widow		1
Carpenters . . .		3	Cooks . . .		2
Carter . . .		1	Domestic & other Servants		25
Cattle Dealer . . .		1	Field Laborers . . .		4
Coachman . . .		1	Fisherman's Widow .		1
Confectioner . . .		1	Fishmonger's Wife .		1
Cook . . .		1	Gate-keeper's Wife .		1
Coopers . . .		2	Housewives . . .		4
Clerks . . .		2	Laborers Daughters .		2
Currier and Tanner .		1	„ Widow . . .		1
Draper . . .		1	„ Wives . . .		11
Engineer . . .		1	Laundresses . . .		3
Fireman . . .		1	Needlewomen . . .		3
Gamekeepers . . .		2	Pensioner's Wife .		1
Gardeners . . .		2	Shoemaker's Wife .		1
Gentleman's Servant .		1	Shop-Assistant . . .		1
Groom . . .		1	Shopkeeper . . .		1
Inspector of Police .		1	Tradesman's Daughter .		1
Laborers . . .		15	Waitress . . .		1
Painters . . .		3	Workhouse School-		
Sailors . . .		2	mistress . . .		1
Sawyer . . .		1	Without Occupation and		
School-boy . . .		1	Unknown . . .		15
Shoemakers . . .		3			
Soldier . . .		1			
Steward . . .		1			
Tailors . . .		2			
Watchmakers . . .		2			
Wire Worker . . .		1			
Yeoman . . .		1			
Without Occupation and					
Unknown . . .		8			
Total . . .		77	Total . . .		87

TABLE, No. 10.

Tabular Statement of the Pauper Lunatics and Idiots chargeable to the different Unions in the County, being an Analysis of the Returns made by the Clerks of the Unions, January 1st 1867.

UNIONS	IN THE ASYLUM			OUT OF THE ASYLUM			TOTAL		
	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total	Males	Fem.	Total
Alresford . . .	6	5	11	—	—	—	6	5	11
Alton . . .	4	6	10	11	11	22	15	17	32
Alverstoke . . .	8	12	20	1	3	4	9	15	24
Andover . . .	9	15	24	12	21	33	21	36	57
Ash . . .	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Basingstoke . . .	15	24	39	8	11	19	23	35	58
Bradfield . . .	—	1	1	1	—	1	1	1	2
Catherington . . .	2	2	4	—	1	1	2	3	5
Christchurch . . .	15	5	20	2	8	10	17	13	30
County . . .	8	1	9	—	—	—	8	1	9
Droxford . . .	14	12	26	3	7	10	17	19	36
Fareham . . .	14	14	28	8	5	13	22	19	41
Farnborough . . .	3	3	6	2	1	3	5	4	9
Farnham . . .	2	1	3	—	—	—	2	1	3
Fordingbridge . . .	2	1	3	4	4	8	6	5	11
Hartley Witney . . .	7	12	19	5	10	15	12	22	34
Havant . . .	5	4	9	4	7	11	9	11	20
Headley . . .	2	1	3	1	2	3	3	3	6
Hursley . . .	3	—	3	3	—	3	6	—	6
Isle of Wight . . .	33	39	72	25	31	56	58	70	128
Kingsclere . . .	9	9	18	2	1	3	11	10	21
Lymington . . .	9	11	20	4	11	15	13	22	35
Newbury . . .	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	1
New Forest . . .	7	14	21	9	13	22	16	27	43
New Winchester . . .	25	11	36	7	16	23	32	27	59
Petersfield . . .	4	6	10	2	2	4	6	8	14
Ringwood . . .	1	8	9	—	3	3	1	11	12
Romsey . . .	3	6	9	6	5	11	9	11	20
South Stoneham . . .	11	19	30	6	15	21	17	34	51
Stockbridge . . .	5	6	11	1	7	8	6	13	19
Whitchurch . . .	3	3	6	1	3	4	4	6	10
Totals . . .	229	252	481	128	198	326	357	450	807

APPENDIX.

LUNACY.

INSTRUCTIONS AS TO THE ORDER.

The Order for the Admission of a Pauper Lunatic into an Asylum may be made by a "Justice of the Peace;" but under all other circumstances it must be the joint Order of a Clergyman and Overseer, or Relieving Officer of the Parish to which the Pauper Lunatic is chargeable.

The Order must distinctly set forth that the Patient is either an Idiot, a Lunatic, or a person of unsound mind; and the Clergyman must describe himself as "*an Officiating Clergyman*," and not as Rector, Vicar, &c.

AS TO THE STATEMENT.

When any Particular is unknown, the word "*unknown*" must be written after the Question.

AS TO THE MEDICAL CERTIFICATES.

Every Medical Certificate must, in order to its validity, be according to the subjoined Form, prescribed by the "Lunatic's Care and Treatment," and 'Lunatic Asylums' " Acts, 1853.

In filling up the Certificate, the Medical Practitioner signing is requested especially to observe the following *essential* particulars, viz:—

1. After the words "being a," he is required to insert *not* the word "Physician," "Surgeon," or "Apothecary," but the legal Qualification, Diploma, or Licence, entitling him to practise as such within the United Kingdom.

The words of the Interpretation Clause are as follows :—

“ ‘Physician,’ ‘Surgeon,’ or ‘Apothecary,’ shall respectively mean Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, duly authorized or licensed to practise as such, by or as a Member of some College, University, Company, or Institution, legally established and qualified to grant such authority or licence in some part of the United Kingdom, and having been in practice as an Apothecary in England or Wales on or before the 15th day of August, 1815, and being in actual practice as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary.”

2. He is required to insert :—1. The date of examination. 2. The Place, with “*the street and number of the house (if any) or other particulars,*” where the Patient was examined. 3. The Patient’s ordinary place of Residence. 4. The Patient’s Profession or Occupation, if any.

3. In any case where more than one Medical Certificate is required by the Act, he should insert before the words “personally examined,” the words “separately from any other Medical Practitioner.”

4. He is required, in order that his Certificate may have any validity in law, to set forth some fact or facts or symptoms indicating Insanity *observed by himself.*

5. The Certificate need not be drawn up or dated on the day of examination, but the Patient *must be examined within seven clear days prior to admission.*

6. Every Certificate should be an independent and complete document and no reference should be made therein to another.

NOTE.—Medical Officers of Unions or Parishes are no longer prohibited from signing Certificates in the cases of Pauper Lunatics belonging thereto.

FORM OF MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned [*Here set forth the Qualification entitling the Person certifying to practise as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, ex. gra., "being a Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians in London," and being in actual practise as a Physician, Surgeon, or Apothecary, as the case may be*], hereby certify, That I, on the _____ at _____ [*Here insert the Street and number of the House (if any), or other like particulars*] in the County of _____ [*In any case where more than one Medical Certificate is required by this Act, here insert "separately from any other Medical Practitioner"*], personally examined *A. B.* of _____ [*Insert Residence and Profession or Occupation, if any*], and that the said *A. B.* [*a Lunatic, or an Idiot, or a person of unsound mind*], is a proper Person to be taken charge of, and detained under care and treatment, and that I have formed this opinion under the following grounds, viz :—

1. Facts indicating Insanity observed by myself. [*Here state the facts.*]
2. Other facts (if any) indicating Insanity communicated to me by others, [*Here state the Information, and from whom.*]

(Signed)

Place of Abode

Dated this _____ day of _____ One

thousand eight Hundred and _____

Payments.

						£	s	d	£	s	d
Salaries and Wages :—											
Officers	..	..	..	..	..	1060	0	0			
Attendants	..	..	..	..	..	942	6	7			
Servants :—											
In-door	..	..	..	..	..	138	8	0			
Out-door	..	..	..	..	..	86	1	3			
									2226	15	10
Provisions (including all Articles of Dietary):—											
Beer :											
Malt 186 quarters	..	..	..	..	..	586	3	4			
Butter, 55 cwt. 2 qrs. 24 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	327	8	2			
Cheese, 164 cwt. 1 qr. 14 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	391	13	8½			
Coffee, 237 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	14	9	9			
Currants and Raisins	..	..	..	..	..	20	12	4			
Eggs, Fish, and Fruit	..	..	..	..	..	32	15	10			
Flour, 785 Sacks	..	..	..	..	..	1634	8	8			
Meat, 90345 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	2561	18	1			
Peas	..	..	..	..	..	17	12	0			
Potatoes and Carrots	..	..	..	..	..	40	0	0			
Rice, 1818 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	12	1	0			
Sugar :											
Moist, 18656 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	317	12	0			
Loaf, 333½ lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	7	12	8			
Sago and Arrowroot	..	..	..	..	..	31	1	3			
Tea, 4336 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	379	11	6			
Treacle, 116 cwt. 3 qrs. 23 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	98	18	10			
Tobacco and Snuff	..	..	..	..	..	126	1	11½			
Vinegar, Pepper, Salt, Mustard, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	32	9	6			
Miscellaneous	..	..	..	..	..	16	14	8½			
									6649	5	3
Necessaries, Fuel, Lighting, Washing, &c. :—											
Black Lead, Hearth Stones, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	31	2	4½			
Candles, 684 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	16	14	6			
Coals, 1049 Tons, 4 cwt.	..	..	..	..	..	993	3	9			
Fittings for Gas Works	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	0			
House Flannel	..	..	..	..	..	44	2	0			
Lime for Gas	..	..	..	..	..	11	16	3			
Starch and Blue	..	..	..	..	..	9	5	10			
Soap, 90 cwt. 0 qrs. 6 lbs.	..	..	..	..	..	145	11	9			
Soda, 90 cwt. 1 qr. 26 lbs...	..	..	..	..	..	32	19	1			
Carried forward						1286	16	6½	8876	1	1

Payments.

							£	s	d	£	s	d
						Brought forward	1286	16	6½	8876	1	1½
Wood	..	..	..	..	..	..	14	0	0			
Incidentals	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	1	7			
										1306	18	1½
Surgery and Dispensary:—												
Drugs	..	..	..	..	..	..	134	13	7			
Surgical Instruments	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	0	0			
Sundries	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	0			
										140	17	7
Clothing:—												
Canvas	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	8	0			
Calico	..	..	..	..	..	..	108	19	2			
Corduroy and Fustian	..	..	..	..	..	..	113	2	1			
Flannel	..	..	..	..	..	..	58	18	4½			
Forfar	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	3	7½			
Gloves, Handkerchiefs, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	15	6			
Jean and Serge	..	..	..	..	..	..	48	4	4			
Leather, Tools, &c...	..	..	..	..	..	..	161	18	2			
Linen	..	..	..	..	..	..	69	5	10½			
Livery and Gowns for attendants	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	7	6			
Muslin and Gingham	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	3	4			
Prints	..	..	..	..	..	..	169	12	1½			
Stockings	..	..	..	..	..	..	51	12	0			
Worsted, Thread, Needles, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	60	2	8			
Sundries	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	15	0			
										915	7	9
Furniture and Bedding:—												
Baskets	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	17	8			
Blankets	..	..	..	..	..	..	92	15	0			
Coir Junks	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	16	9			
Brushes, Mops, and Utensils	..	..	..	..	..	..	49	8	1			
Counterpanes	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	17	6			
Crockery	..	..	..	..	..	..	88	3	5			
Clocks, &c.	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	9	0			
Curtains and Carpets	..	..	..	..	..	..	12	12	0			
Damask	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	15	6			
Door Mats and Matting	..	..	..	..	..	..	18	10	10			
Furniture	..	..	..	..	..	..	10	13	10			
Holland	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	18	0			
Horse Hair	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	10	0			
Ironmongery, Cutlery, &c...	..	..	..	..	..	..	78	19	11			
						Carried forward	416	7	6	11239	4	7

Payments.

	£	s	d	£	s	d
Brought forward	416	7	6	11239	4	7
Mattresses	12	10	0			
Sacking and Ticking	30	13	8			
Sheeting	21	6	11			
Straw for Beds	67	1	6			
Towelling	12	18	1			
Tell-Tale Clocks	9	5	0			
Table Cloths, &c.	4	4	6			
Union for Window Blinds	2	3	7			
Weighbridge	37	0	8			
Sundries	1	7	0			
				614	18	5
Funeral Expenses :—						
Coffins	25	0	0			
Calico for Shrouds	6	5	8			
Registration Fees	3	17	6			
				35	3	2
Wine and Spirits	306	11	1			
Porter	148	10	9			
				455	1	10
Repairs to Building :—						
Airing Courts, House Labour, &c.	44	17	2			
Colours, Paint Brushes, &c.	10	5	3			
Oil Turpentine, &c.	10	0	6			
Materials for use of Tradesmen employed in the Asylum	18	17	4			
Sawing Deals	2	1	9			
Tools for Tradesmen	1	9	6			
				87	11	6
Farm and Garden :—						
Guano	12	5	7			
Insurance	5	7	3			
Labour (including Wages of Bailiff)	137	5	2			
Provender for Cattle	158	13	9			
Seeds and Plants	45	10	5			
Rates and Taxes	45	16	2			
Harness, Repairs, &c.	54	5	6			
Straw	67	1	6			
Cart, New Waggon, &c.	45	17	6			
Implements of Husbandry	10	6	1			
				582	8	11
Carried forward				13014	8	5

Payments.

	£	s	d	£	s	d
Brought forward				13014	8	5
Miscellaneous :—						
Advertisements, Printing, Postage, and Stationery..	159	4	0			
Periodicals	38	4	8			
Travelling Expenses	16	8	5			
Carriage of Goods	62	2	4			
Insurance	12	11	9			
Entertainment to Patients	16	15	0			
Removal Expenses	20	5	5			
Incidental Expenses	17	1	11			
				342	13	6
Total Payments for Maintenance .. .. .	..	..	..	13357	1	11
Extraordinary and Ordinary Expenditure for Buildings, &c., repaid by Extra Weekly Charge for Private Patients, and Patients from Out-County, and Non-Contributing Places :—						
Extraordinary :—						
Payment to County Treasurer in liquidation of County Debt ..	500	0	0			
Final payment for building additional Beer Cellar	114	5	0			
Draining a Field	32	8	6			
Alterations to Officers' Apartments, &c.	76	15	0			
				723	8	6
Ordinary :—						
Repairs to Boilers	211	5	3			
County Surveyor's Travelling Expenses	6	12	0			
Ironmonger and Founder	22	10	1			
Bricks, Tiles, &c.	16	1	5			
Lime and Cement	11	8	0			
Timber	25	1	1			
Lids to Gas Purifiers	11	0	0			
Repairs to Engine	4	12	6			
Sawing Deals	1	7	3			
				309	17	7
1 Engineer	78	0	0			
1 Smith	66	10	7			
1 Bricklayer	72	6	9			
Carried forward	1033	6	1	13357	1	11

Payments.

			£	s	d	£	s	d
		Brought forward	1033	6	1	13357	1	11
1 Bricklayer's Laborer	..	..	40	0	11			
1 Carpenter..	..	..	64	1	0			
						320	19	3
Total Extraordinary and Ordinary Payments	..	..				1354	5	4
Total Payments on account of Maintenance and Building ..						14711	7	3

Summary of the cost per head, per week, under the different heads of Expenditure, as:—

Provisions, including Farm Produce	5	2½	
Salaries	1	5	
Necessaries	0	10	
Surgery	0	1	
Clothing	0	7	
Furniture and Bedding	0	4¾	
Wine, Spirits, and Porter	0	3½	
Farm	0	4¼	
Repairs to Building and Funeral expenses	0	1	
Miscellaneous	0	2½	
		9	5½
	Less	0	11¾
			Farm and Garden Produce
Maintenance Rate per Patient	8	5¾	

Aggregate Number of Days of Residence..... 220460.

Daily Average Number of Days throughout the year..... 604.

GENERAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE HANTS COUNTY ASYLUM,

SHOWING THE BALANCE IN HAND 1ST JANUARY, 1866, THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FOR THE YEAR, 1866, AND THE BALANCE IN HAND
ON THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1866.

Receipts.		£ s d		Payments.		£ s d	
Balance in hand 1st January, 1866 ..	..	2188	6 7	Salaries and Wages ..	..	2226	15 10
From Sales and Produce of Labour ..	..	62	4 9	Provisions, including all Articles of Dietary, excepting } Wine, Spirits, and Porter ..	..	6649	5 3½
Maintenance Account, viz :—				Wine, Spirits, and Porter ..	..	455	1 10
Private Patients ..	..	77	15 7	Necessaries, [e. g. Fuel, Light, Washing, &c.] ..	..	1306	18 1½
Pauper ditto { [1] From Counties and Boroughs } to which Asylum belongs ..	..	8903	13 0	Surgery and Dispensary ..	..	140	17 7
From County Treasurer, for Vagrant, Pauper, and } Criminal Patients ..	..	5032	14 1	Clothing ..	..	915	7 9
Miscellaneous :—		245	9 4	Furniture and Bedding ..	..	614	18 5
Rent of Lodge ..	..	5	4 0	Funeral Expenses ..	..	35	3 2
Funeral Expenses ..	..	54	16 6	Building and Repairs ..	..	87	11 6
Removal Expenses, &c. ..	..	24	6 5	Farm and Garden ..	..	582	8 11
				Miscellaneous ..	..	342	13 6
		84	6 11				
				TOTAL FOR MAINTENANCE ..	..	13357	1 11
				Building, Extraordinary and Ordinary :—			
				Extraordinary ..	..	723	8 6
				Ordinary ..	..	630	16 10
						1354	5 4
				TOTAL PAYMENTS ..	..	14711	7 3
				Balance in hand 31st December, 1866..	..	1883	3 0
						£16594	10 3

A. G. A. MORRISON,
Clerk to the Committee of Visitors and of the Asylum.

CONTRACT PRICES

OF THE

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF CONSUMPTION,

DURING THE YEAR 1866.

		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter
		£ s d	£ s d	£ s d	£ s d
Cheese, First Quality ..	Per cwt.	2 16 0	2 16 0	2 16 0	3 8 0
Ditto, Second Quality ..	Ditto	2 6 0	2 6 0	2 6 0	2 8 0
Meat :—					
Beef, by the side	Per Stone of 14 lbs.	0 7 4	0 7 4	0 7 4	0 7 10
Mutton, by the Carcass..	Ditto	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 9 0	0 9 0
Roasting Beef	Per lb.	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9
Beef and Mutton Suet ..	Ditto	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6
Malt.....	Per qr.	3 3 0	3 3 0	3 3 0	3 3 0
Rice	Per cwt.	0 14 0	0 14 0	0 14 0	0 16 9
Loaf Sugar	Per lb.	0 0 5½	0 0 5½	0 0 5½	0 0 5½
Moist ditto	Per cwt.	1 18 0	1 18 0	1 18 0	1 18 0
Tea	Per lb.	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9
Coffee	Ditto	0 1 3	0 1 3	0 1 3	0 1 1½
Treacle.....	Per cwt.	0 16 6	0 16 6	0 16 6	0 18 0
Salt Butter	Ditto	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 17 0	5 17 0
Tobacco	Per lb.	0 3 5½	0 3 5½	0 3 5½	0 3 6
Yellow Soap	Per cwt.	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 13 6
Mottled ditto	Ditto	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 12 0	1 13 6
Soda.....	Ditto	0 5 9	0 5 9	0 5 9	0 9 0
House Coal	Per ton	0 18 9	0 18 9	0 18 9	1 3 6
Steam ditto	Ditto	0 16 9	0 16 9	0 16 9	0 17 0
Gas ditto	Ditto	0 17 3	0 17 3	0 17 3	0 18 6

RETURN OF CLOTHING AND BEDDING MADE AND REPAIRED

DURING THE YEAR 1866.

Male Clothing	Made	Repaired	Female Clothing	Made	Repaired
	No.	No.		No.	No.
Caps.....	142	1206	Gowns	291	287
Jackets.....	82	399	Ditto, Strong	50	249
Waistcoats	130	319	Ditto, Night.....	114	117
Trousers	144	649	Petticoats.....	167	156
Shirts	211	2626	Ditto, Flannel	109	141
Stockings, pairs		13016	Chemises	271	136
Flannel Shirts	143	484	Flannel Vests	112	128
Ditto Drawers.....	53	225	Check Aprons	198	97
Cotton ditto	36	288	Brown ditto	57	76
Aprons	2	171	Day and Night Caps	478	18
Round Frocks	49	378	Stays	122	65
Stocks		159	Stockings, pairs		2712
Boots, Shoes, & Slippers,			Boots, Shoes, & Slippers,		
pairs	226	467	pairs	314	610
Braces	462	50	Drawers	56	12
Strong Dresses.....	29	98	Hoods	152	59

Patients' Bedding	Made	Repaired	Officers' Bedding, &c.	Made	Repaired
	No.	No.		No.	No.
Mattresses	49	194	Sheets		15
Mattress Cases.....	127	453	Pillow Ties	30	6
Pillow ditto	22	217	Counterpanes		2
Counterpanes		50	Round Towels		6
Tick ditto.....		2	Dresser Cloths.....	6	6
Bed Sackings	105	171	Attendants' Jackets and		
Pillows	58	289	Waistcoats	58	
Sheets	159	374			
Pillow Ties	129	148			
Round Towels	76	24			
Tea ditto	108				
Table Cloths.....	62	80			
Shrouds	48				
Blankets		60			
Dresser Cloths.....		2			

The above is exclusive of the work done in the Wards by the Patients, which is considerable.

FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNT, *from*

M.

	£	s	d	£	s	d	£	s	d
Estimated value of Live Stock, from January 1st, 1866.....				645	0	0			
Ditto, Implements of Husbandry				164	3	0			
Ditto, Hay Ricks, Barley Ricks, Beans, Oats, Mangold, Swedes, &c., &c.				377	0	0			
							1186	3	0
Guano	12	5	7						
Insurance	5	7	3						
Labour (including Wages of Bailiff)	137	5	2						
Provender for Cattle	158	13	9						
Seeds and Plants	45	10	5						
Rates and Taxes	45	16	2						
Harness, Repairs, &c.....	54	5	6						
Straw	67	1	6						
Cart, New Waggon, &c.....	45	17	6						
Implements of Husbandry.....	10	6	1						
				582	8	11			

Estimated Rent of Land.....	90	0	0	582	8	11
Ditto, Pig Wash, and Grains	55	0	0	145	0	0
				1913	11	11

Balance in favour of Farm	966	18	0
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£2880 9 11

